OLL25336 358 S.L.C.

119TH CONGRESS	$\mathbf{C}$	
1st Session	5.	
	$\sim$ $\circ$	

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to clarify that the Federal Communications Commission may not take action against a broadcast licensee or any other person on the basis of viewpoint, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Luján (for himself and Ms. Rosen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

- To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to clarify that the Federal Communications Commission may not take action against a broadcast licensee or any other person on the basis of viewpoint, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - This Act may be cited as the "Broadcast Freedom
  - 5 and Independence Act of 2025".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
  - 7 Congress finds the following:

OLL25336 358 S.L.C.

(1) The Federal Communications Commission
(in this section referred to as the "FCC") was estab-
lished as an independent agency by the Communica-
tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) for the
purpose of "regulating interstate and foreign com-
merce in communication by wire and radio so as to
make available, so far as possible, to all the people
of the United States, without discrimination on the
basis of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex,
a rapid, efficient, Nation-wide, and world-wide wire
and radio communication service with adequate fa-
cilities at reasonable charges".
(2) Commissioners at the FCC, an independent
agency, are confirmed by Congress for specified
terms and the President does not have the power to
remove them at will.
(3) The independence of the FCC is paramount
to the FCC carrying out its mission without political
pressure or intimidation.
(4) The FCC's priorities and agenda must be
set by the FCC without undue influence from the
President or any advisors to the President who do
not work for the FCC.
(5) As established in section 326 of the Com-

munications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 326), nothing

OLL25336 358 S.L.C.

1 in the FCC's authority "shall be understood or con-2 strued to give the Commission the power of censor-3 ship over the radio communications or signals trans-4 mitted by any radio station, and no regulation or 5 condition shall be promulgated or fixed by the Com-6 mission which shall interfere with the right of free 7 speech by means of radio communication". 8 (6) Investigations and threats of Commission 9 action or inaction must not be used to suppress cer-10 tain viewpoints or intimidate broadcast licensees into 11 aligning with any political agenda. 12 SEC. 3. VIEWPOINT PROTECTION. 13 Title I of the Communications Act of 1934 (47) 14 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the 15 following: 16 "SEC. 14. VIEWPOINT PROTECTION. "(a) Prohibition Against Retaliation on Basis 17 18 OF VIEWPOINT.—The Commission may not revoke any li-19 cense or other authorization of, or otherwise take action 20 against, any person on the basis, in whole or in part, of 21 viewpoints broadcast or otherwise disseminated by that 22 person or any person affiliated with that person. 23 "(b) Prohibition Against Conditions on View-POINT IN TRANSACTION REVIEW.—The Commission may

not place on any approval under subsections (a), (b), and

OLL25336 358 S.L.C.

1	(c) of section 214 or section 310(d) any condition with
2	respect to viewpoints broadcast or otherwise disseminated
3	by the person seeking that approval, any successor of that
4	person, or any person affiliated with that person or suc-
5	cessor.
6	"(c) No Effect on Certain Other Authority
7	OF COMMISSION.—Nothing in this section shall be con-
8	strued to affect the authority of the Commission to take
9	action on the basis of, or to place a condition on an ap-
10	proval described in subsection (b) with respect to—
11	"(1) a violation of—
12	"(A) section 1304 of title 18, United
13	States Code, or conduct that would constitute a
14	violation of that section if content disseminated
15	by means other than radio or television broad-
16	cast were disseminated by means of radio or
17	television broadcast;
18	"(B) section 1343 of title 18, United
19	States Code; or
20	"(C) section 1464 of title 18, United
21	States Code, or conduct that would constitute a
22	violation of that section if content disseminated
23	by means other than radio communication were
24	disseminated by means of radio communication
25	or

5

OLL25336 358 S.L.C.

1 "(2) the broadcast or other dissemination of 2 content that constitutes incitement under the First 3 Amendment to the Constitution of the United 4 States.".